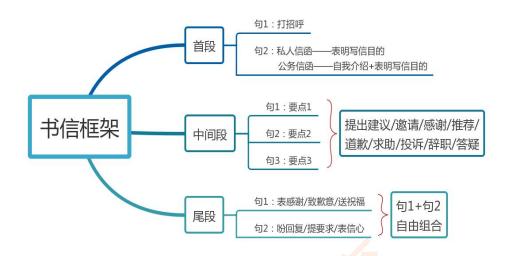


一、应用文模版 1. 书信



模板一: 私人信件

【称呼】

Dear XXX,

首段:【问候+表明目的】

①How's everything going? ②I am writing this letter to+改写题干.

中间段:【提出建议/邀请/感谢/推荐/道歉/求助】

① First of all, +陈锦斌万能句. ② Also worth mentioning is that+陈锦斌万能句. ③ Last but not least, 陈锦斌万能句.

尾段:【感谢/道歉/福福+希望/要求/期待(自由组合)】

- ①Thank you for your kind consideration and time.(表感谢)
- ①Once again, I sincerely apologize for any inconvenience caused and hope that you can accept my apology and understand my situation.(致歉意)
 - ①I wish you all the best. (送祝福)
 - ②I am looking forward to your reply at your earliest reply. (盼回复)
 - ②I hope you can address the issue I raised as soon as possible. (提要求)
- ②If my suggestions are of any assistance to you, please do not hesitate to reach out to me for further discussion./ I hope that my recommendations will be helpful to you. (表信心)

【落款】

Yours sincerely,/Yours,
XXX

模板二: 公务信函

【称呼】

Dear Mr. XXX, /Mrs. XXX, /Prof. XXX,



(收件人是群体是用 Dear Members,/ Dear Fellow Students,, 没有具体收信人时用 Dear Sir or Madam,)

首段:【问候+自我介绍与表明目的】

①I hope you are doing great. ②I, a/an+个人身份或 on behalf of+组织/机构, am writing this letter to +改写题干.

中间段:【提出建议/邀请/感谢/推荐/道歉/求助/投诉/辞职/答疑】

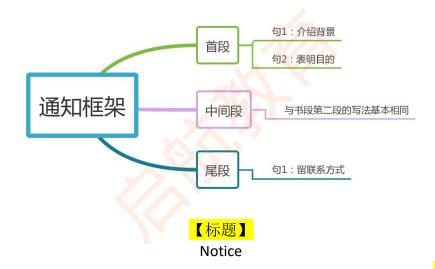
①First of all, +陈锦斌万能句. ②Also worth mentioning is that+陈锦斌万能句. ③Last but not least, 陈锦斌万能句.

尾段: 同模版一

【落款】

Yours sincerely,/Yours truly,
XXX

2. 通知



【日期】

November 8, 2023

首段:【介绍背景+表明目的】

①介绍背景. ②The intention of this notice is to+改写题干.

中间段:【活动细节】

①First of all, +陈锦斌万能句. ②Also worth mentioning is that+陈锦斌万能句. ③Last but not least, 陈锦斌万能句.

尾段【留联系方式】

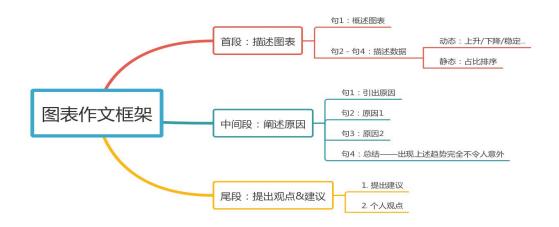
①If you are interested in+活动, please get in touch with us at+电话号码+before+截止时间.

【落款】

The Student Union



二、图表作文模版



线形图/柱状图模版

- ❖ 下划线部分可根据不同图表情况进行替换
- ❖ 绿色底纹处根据图表实际情况进行上升、下降等表述的替换
- ◆ 如果线形图或柱状图只涉及两组项目,可删除最后一句

段一:以 2019 年英二为例

①The line chart/bar chart clearly reveals the statistics of choices of graduates in a given college in 2013 and 2018 (图表中的文字翻译)。②The number/rate(图表中如果出现的是百分比,就用 rate,比如 2019 和 2023 用 rate,而 2014 和 2017 用 number) of graduates entering the job market (项目 1) in 2018 was 60.7% compared to 68.1% in 2013, showing a dramatic decease of 7.4%. ③Meanwhile, there was a sharp rise of 7.7% about students pursuing further education(项目 2). ④At the same time, the quantity/percentage(图表中如果出现的是百分比,就用 percentage) of students starting a business (项目 3)doubled, rising from 1.3% to 2.6%.

段二:模版1

①The fundamental factors that contribute to the aforementioned comparison may be summarized as follows. ②To start with, +陈锦斌图表万能句型.③ In addition, +陈锦斌图表万能句型.④With the given background, it is not shocking for us to witness the tendency described above.

段二:模版2

①It is widely accepted that + 大众的错误观点. ②However, is that still true? ③Not necessarily. ④Two arguments could be presented against this view. ⑤To start with, +陈锦斌图表万能句型. ⑥In addition, +陈锦斌图表万能句型. ⑦With the given background, it is not shocking for us to witness the tendency described above.

段三: 模版 1--提出建议

启航教育

①To tackle this alarming issue, the government and relevant enterprises ought to develop long-term planning, while all stakeholders should collaborate to establish a support, regulation, and feedback mechanism.

段三: 模版 2--个人观点

①So what will be the future trends of the phenomenon presented in in the chart? ②As the philosopher Geog Hegel famously wrote, "What is rational is real, and what is real is rational." ③I am confident that 某项目 is a clear sign of social improvement and will steadily increase in the following decades. ④In contrast, 某项目 will probably continue/begin to decrease/remain relatively stable.

表格/饼状图模版

- ❖ 句 1 中的 percentage 可根据图表实际情况替换为 survey/purposes/factors
- ❖ 段二和段三与线形图一样,此处不再展示

段一:以 2020 年英二为例

①The table/pie chart above clearly illustrates the percentage of <u>various purposes of mobile reading among students in a given college</u> (图表中的文字翻译). ②From the data given, we may draw the conclusion that <u>acquiring knowledge</u> (项目 1) makes up the largest percentage with <u>59.5%</u>. ③Next comes to <u>killing time</u> (项目 2), accounting for <u>21.3%</u>. ④By contrast, the statistics of <u>obtaining information</u> (项目 3), and <u>other purposes</u> (项目 4)take up <u>17%</u> and <u>2.2%</u> respectively.

三、图画作文模版



❖ 下划线部分根据不同图画进行替换

段一:模板一(单图)——以2015年英一为例

①As is shown in the picture, there are four people, sitting next to a table and completely absorbed in their phones. (图中有几个人,他们在做什么事,如果在做不同的事,后面加上", while+完整句"继续进行描述) ②The picture suddenly dawns on us that it is the use of cellphones that can exert a great influence on our lives and society. (用完整句子阐述文章主旨)

段一:模板二(多图)——以2016年英一为例



①In the left-hand cartoon, there is a father, sitting on the couch, smoking a cigarette and watching TV, while asking his son to study hard. ②On the contrary, in the right-hand portrayal, another father is studying hard with his son. (分别描述左右两幅图中的人,以及他们在做什么)③The pictures suddenly dawn on us that it is the behavior of parents that can exert a great influence on our lives and society. (引出主旨)

段二:

①This phenomenon is thought-provoking in several ways, but two of them are particularly significant. ②First and foremost, +陈锦斌图画万能句型. ③What is more, +陈锦斌图画万能句型.

段三:模板一(提出建议) --以 2016 年英一为例

①How can we put an end to the problem of <u>parents failing to set a good example</u>? ②It is suggested by many that we need a package deal, including <u>strengthening education</u> and <u>helping students to cultivate a more acceptable value</u>. ③But would those measures be comprehensive enough? ④In reality, <u>parents</u> also need to <u>consolidate self-discipline</u>, with the assistance of which we can get to the root of the problem.

段三:模板二(表达赞扬)——以 2012 年英一为例

①When discussing the role of <u>optimism</u>, I firmly believe that it holds great merit in elevating both individuals and society as a whole. ②This ideal can be passed down from generation to generation to foster a more harmonious and cooperative society. ③As a college student, I am determined to make a meaningful impact and prove myself just as capable as my peers.

段三:模板三(辩证看待)——以 2015 年英一为例

1 Therefore, the use of cellphones, which is a pervasive social phenomenon, is a double-edged sword which can have a profoundly positive or negative influence on the development of young people. 2 Thus, we should do as the common saying goes, "Take the essence and discard the dregs."